Mine Safety Quiz

Title: Hearing Conservation

1. CFR30 Part 62 requires that noise samplers be placed on all mine employees once per year. True ___, False ___

2. The permissible exposure limit (PEL) for noise is 90 dBA. True ___, False ___

3. The action level for noise is 85 dBA. True ___, False ___

4. If a noise source produces noise in excess of 85 dBA, the mine needs a hearing conservation program. True ___, False ___

5. All miners are required to wear hearing protection. True ___, False ___

6. CFR30 Part 62 is concerned only with how much noise miners are exposed to – not how much noise is produced by mine equipment. True ___, False ___

7. Noise measurements to determine if the PEL is exceeded only average noise exposures greater than or equal to 90 dBA and consider all exposure to noise less than 90 dBA to be zero. True ___, False ___

8. Noise measurements to determine if the action level is exceeded only average noise exposures greater than or equal to 80 dBA and consider all exposure to noise less than 80 dBA to be zero. True ___, False ___

9. A mine may not need to sample for noise at all if it has good data from other sources about the amount of noise people operating the mine equipment are exposed to. True ___, False ___

10. A mine needs written documents showing the noise miners are exposed to. True ___, False ___

11. Audiometric testing, as required when a miner is enrolled in a Hearing Conservation Program, determines how much hearing loss a miner has suffered since the previous test. True ___, False ___

12. Audiometric testing, as required when a miner is enrolled in a Hearing Conservation Program, must be performed annually. True ___, False ___

13. Hearing Conservation Program training must be done annually. True ___, False ___

14. Michigan Technological University includes Hearing Conservation Program training in each year’s annual refresher training. True ___, False ___

Ans. FTTFTTTTTTTTTTTT